

EPX2155

Piston Pump

Owner's Manual



Model Numbers:
0551010 Stand
0551012 Upright Cart
0551013 Low Boy Cart

SprayTECH[®]
THE DEPENDABLE CHOICE™

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Safety Precautions

This manual contains information that must be read and understood before using the equipment. When you come to an area that has one of the following symbols, pay particular attention and make certain to heed the safeguard.

⚠ WARNING

This symbol indicates a potential hazard that may cause serious injury or loss of life. Important safety information will follow.

⚠ CAUTION

This symbol indicates a potential hazard to you or to the equipment. Important information that tells how to prevent damage to the equipment or how to avoid causes of minor injuries will follow.

NOTE: Notes give important information which should be given special attention.

⚠ WARNING

HAZARD: Injection injury - A high pressure fluid stream produced by this equipment can pierce the skin and underlying tissues, leading to serious injury and possible amputation. See a physician immediately.

DO NOT TREAT AN INJECTION INJURY AS A SIMPLE CUT! Injection can lead to amputation. See a physician immediately.

The maximum operating range of the sprayer is 3000 PSI/ 20.7 MPa fluid pressure.

PREVENTION:

- NEVER aim the gun at any part of the body.

- NEVER allow any part of the body to touch the fluid stream. DO NOT allow body to touch a leak in the fluid hose.
- NEVER put hand in front of the gun. Gloves will not provide protection against an injection injury.
- ALWAYS lock gun trigger, shut pump off, and release all pressure before servicing, cleaning tip or guard, changing tip, or leaving unattended. Pressure will not be released by turning off the motor. The PRIME/SPRAY valve handle must be turned to PRIME to relieve the pressure. Refer to the PRESSURE RELIEF PRESSURE described in the pump manual.
- ALWAYS keep tip guard in place while spraying. The tip guard provides some protection but is mainly a warning device.
- ALWAYS remove the spray tip before flushing or cleaning the system.
- Paint hose can develop leaks from wear, kinking and abuse. A leak can inject material into the skin. Inspect the hose before each use.
- NEVER use a spray gun without a working trigger lock and trigger guard in place.
- All accessories must be rated at or above the maximum operating pressure range of the airless sprayer. This includes spray tips, guns, extensions, and hose.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Injection into the skin is a traumatic injury. It is important to treat the injury as soon as possible. DO NOT delay treatment to research toxicity. Toxicity is a concern with some coatings injected directly into the blood stream. Consultation with a plastic surgeon or reconstructive hand surgeon may be advisable.

HAZARD: EXPLOSION AND FIRE - Solvent and paint fumes can explode or ignite. Severe injury and/or property damage can occur.

PREVENTION:

- Provide extensive exhaust and fresh air introduction to keep the air within the spray area free from accumulation of flammable vapors.
- Avoid all ignition sources such as static electricity sparks, electrical appliances, flames, pilot lights, hot objects, and sparks from connecting and disconnecting power cords or working light switches.
- Do not smoke in spray area.
- Fire extinguisher must be present and in good working order.
- Place pump at least 25 feet (7.6 m) from the spray object in a well ventilated area (add more hose if necessary). Flammable vapors are often heavier than air. Floor area must be extremely well ventilated. The pump contains arcing parts that emit sparks and can ignite vapors.
- The equipment and objects in and around the spray area must be properly grounded to prevent static sparks.
- Use only conductive or grounded high-pressure fluid hose. Gun must be grounded through hose connections.
- Power cord must be connected to a grounded circuit.
- Always flush unit into separate metal container, at low pump pressure, with spray tip removed. Hold gun firmly against side of container to ground container and prevent static sparks.
- Follow material and solvent manufacturer's warnings and instructions.
- Use extreme caution when using materials with a flashpoint below 70° F (21° C). Flashpoint is the temperature at which a fluid can produce enough vapors to ignite.
- Plastic can cause static sparks. Never hang plastic to enclose spray area. Do not use plastic drop cloths when spraying flammable materials.
- Use lowest possible pressure to flush equipment.

GAS ENGINE (WHERE APPLICABLE)

Always place sprayer outside of structure in fresh air. Keep all solvents away from engine exhaust. Never fill fuel tank with a running or hot engine. Hot surface can ignite spilled fuel. Always attach ground wire from pump to a grounded object. Refer to engine owner's manual for complete safety information.

HAZARD: EXPLOSION HAZARD DUE TO INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS - will cause severe injury or property damage.

PREVENTION:

- Do not use materials containing bleach or chlorine.
- Do not use halogenated hydrocarbon solvents such as bleach, mildewcide, methylene chloride and 1,1,1 - trichloroethane. They are not compatible with aluminum.
- Contact your coating supplier about the compatibility of material with aluminum.

HAZARD: HAZARDOUS VAPORS - Paints, solvents, insecticides, and other materials can be harmful if inhaled or come in contact with body. Vapors can cause severe nausea, fainting, or poisoning.

PREVENTION:

- Use a respirator or mask if vapors can be inhaled. Read all instructions supplied with the mask to be sure it will provide the necessary protection.
- Wear protective eyewear.
- Wear protective clothing as required by coating manufacturer.

HAZARD: GENERAL - Can cause severe injury or property damage.

PREVENTION:

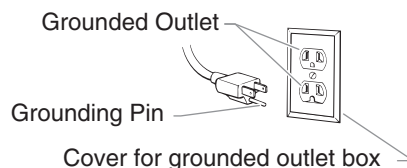
- Read all instructions and safety precautions before operating equipment.
- Follow all appropriate local, state, and national codes governing ventilation, fire prevention, and operation.
- The United States Government Safety Standards have been adopted under the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA). These standards, particularly part 1910 of the General Standards and part 1926 of the Construction Standards, should be consulted.
- Use only manufacturer authorized parts. User assumes all risks and liabilities when using parts that do not meet the minimum specifications and safety devices of the pump manufacturer.
- Before each use, check all hoses for cuts, leaks, abrasion or bulging of cover. Check for damage or movement of couplings. Immediately replace hose if any of those conditions exist. Never repair a paint hose. Replace with a grounded high-pressure hose.
- All hoses, swivels, guns, and accessories must be pressure rated at or above the maximum operating pressure range of the airless sprayer.
- Do not spray outdoors on windy days.
- Wear clothing to keep paint off skin and hair.
- Always unplug cord from outlet before working on equipment.

Grounding Instructions

This product must be grounded. In the event of an electrical short circuit, grounding reduces the risk of electric shock by providing an escape wire for the electric current. This product is equipped with a cord having a grounding wire with an appropriate grounding plug. The plug must be plugged into an outlet that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances.

DANGER — Improper installation of the grounding plug can result in a risk of electric shock. If repair or replacement of the cord or plug is necessary, do not connect the green grounding wire to either flat blade terminal. The wire with insulation having a green outer surface with or without yellow stripes is the grounding wire and must be connected to the grounding pin.

Check with a qualified electrician or serviceman if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if you are in doubt as to whether the product is properly grounded. Do not modify the plug provided. If the plug will not fit the outlet, have the proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.



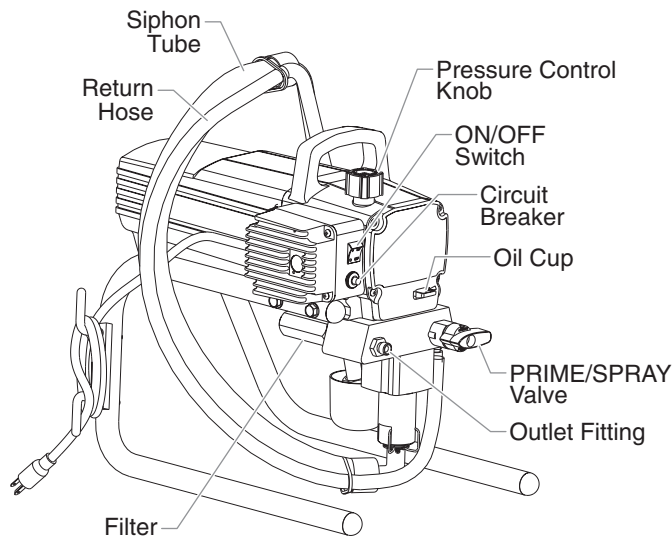
Use only a 3-wire extension cord that has a 3-blade grounding plug and a 3-slot receptacle that will accept the plug on the product. Make sure your extension cord is in good condition. When using an extension cord, be sure to use one heavy enough to carry the current your product will draw. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage resulting in loss of power and overheating. A 12 gauge cord is recommended. If an extension cord is to be used outdoors, it must be marked with the suffix W-A after the cord type designation. For example, a designation of SJTW-A would indicate that the cord would be appropriate for outdoor use.

Specifications

Gallons per minute (GPM)	0.40 (1.5 LPM)
Maximum tip sizes	0.019"
Maximum pressure	3000 PSI (20.7 MPa)
Power	0.75 HP DC motor, 120VAC
Weight	34 lbs. (15.4 kg)
Maximum hose length	300' (91.4 m)

General Description

This airless sprayer is a precision power tool used for spraying many types of materials. Read and follow this Owner's Manual carefully for proper operating instructions, maintenance, and safety information.



Operation

WARNING

This equipment produces a fluid stream at extremely high pressure. Read and understand the warnings in the Safety Precautions section at the front of this manual before operating this equipment.

Setup

Perform the following procedure before plugging in the power cord of an electric sprayer.

1. Ensure that the siphon tube and the return hose are attached and secure.
2. Using a wrench, attach a minimum of 50' of 1/4" nylon airless spray hose to the outlet fitting on the sprayer. Tighten securely.
3. Attach an airless spray gun to the spray hose. Using two wrenches (one on the gun and one on the hose), tighten securely.

NOTE: Do not attach the tip to the spray gun yet. Remove the tip if it is already attached.

WARNING

Make sure all airless hoses and spray guns are electrically grounded and rated at or above the maximum operating pressure range of the airless sprayer.

4. Make sure the pressure control knob is turned fully counterclockwise to its lowest pressure setting.
5. Make sure the ON/OFF switch is in its OFF position.
6. Fill the oil cup with approximately one tablespoon of separating oil (P/N 0279920).

CAUTION

Never operate unit for more than ten seconds without fluid. Operating this unit without fluid will cause unnecessary wear to the packings.

7. Make sure the electrical service is 120V, 15 amp minimum.
8. Plug the power cord into a properly grounded outlet at least 25' from the spray area.

CAUTION

Always use a minimum 12 gauge, three-wire extension cord with a grounded plug. Never remove the third prong or use an adapter.

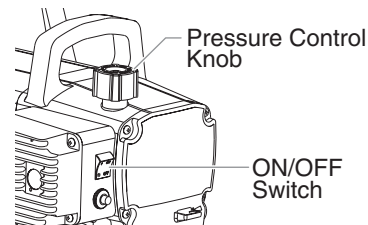
Preparing a New Sprayer

If this sprayer is new, it is shipped with test fluid in the fluid section to prevent corrosion during shipment and storage. This fluid must be cleaned out of the system thoroughly with mineral spirits before spraying paint.

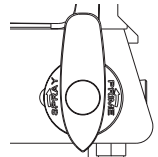
CAUTION

Always keep the trigger lock on the spray gun in the locked position while preparing the system.

1. Place the siphon tube into a container of mineral spirits.
2. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
3. Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.



4. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to the PRIME position.
5. Turn on the unit by moving the ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
6. Allow the sprayer to run for 15–30 seconds to flush the test fluid out through the return hose and into the waste container.
7. Turn off the unit by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.



Preparing to Paint

Before painting, it is important to make sure that the fluid in the system is compatible with the paint that is going to be used.

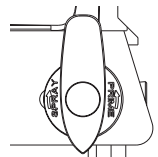
NOTE: Incompatible fluids and paint may cause the valves to become stuck closed, which would require disassembly and cleaning of the sprayer's fluid section.

CAUTION

Always keep the trigger lock on the spray gun in the locked position while preparing the system.

1. Place the siphon tube into a container of the appropriate solvent. Examples of the appropriate solvent are water for latex paint or mineral spirits for oil-based paints.
2. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
3. Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.
4. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to the PRIME position.

NOTE: Hold the return hose in the waste container when moving the PRIME/SPRAY valve to PRIME in case the sprayer is pressurized.

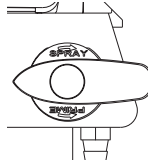


5. Turn on the sprayer by moving the ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
6. Allow the sprayer to run for 15–30 seconds to flush the old solvent out through the return hose and into the metal waste container.

- Turn off the sprayer by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.

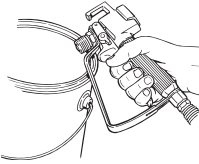
NOTE: Make sure that the spray gun does not have a tip or tip guard installed.

- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve up to the SPRAY position.
- Turn on the sprayer.
- Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.



⚠ WARNING

Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.



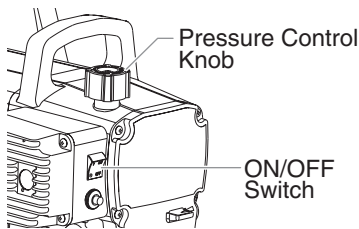
- Trigger the gun into the metal waste container until the old solvent is gone and fresh solvent is coming out of the gun.
- Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
- Set down the gun and increase the pressure by turning the pressure control knob slowly clockwise.
- Check the entire system for leaks. If leaks occur, turn the unit off and follow the "Pressure Relief Procedure" in this manual before tightening any fittings or hoses.
- Follow the "Pressure Relief Procedure" in this manual before changing from solvent to paint.

⚠ WARNING

Be sure to follow the pressure relief procedure when shutting the unit down for any purpose, including servicing or adjusting any part of the spray system, changing or cleaning spray tips, or preparing for cleanup.

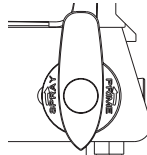
Painting

- Place the siphon tube into a container of paint.
- Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
- Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.



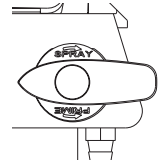
- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to the PRIME position.

NOTE: Hold the return hose in the waste container when moving the PRIME/SPRAY valve to PRIME in case the sprayer is pressurized.



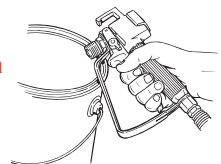
- Turn on the sprayer by moving the ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
- Allow the sprayer to run until paint is coming through the return hose into the metal waste container.
- Turn off the sprayer by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
- Remove the return hose from the waste container and place it in its operating position above the container of paint.

- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve up to the SPRAY position.
- Turn on the sprayer.
- Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.



⚠ WARNING

Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.



- Trigger the gun into the metal waste container until all air and solvent is flushed from the spray hose and paint is flowing freely from the gun.
- Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
- Turn off the sprayer.
- Attach tip guard and tip to the gun as instructed by the tip guard or tip manuals.

⚠ WARNING

POSSIBLE INJECTION HAZARD. Do not spray without the tip guard in place. Never trigger the gun unless the tip is in either the spray or the unclog position. Always engage the gun trigger lock before removing, replacing or cleaning tip.

- Turn on the sprayer.
- Increase the pressure by turning the pressure control knob slowly clockwise and test the spray pattern on a piece of cardboard. Adjust the pressure control knob until the spray from the gun is completely atomized. Try to keep the pressure control knob at the lowest setting that maintains good atomization.

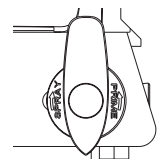
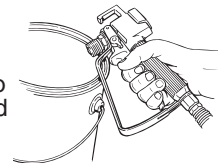
NOTE: Turning the pressure up higher than needed to atomize the paint will cause premature tip wear and additional overspray.

Pressure Relief Procedure

⚠ WARNING

Be sure to follow the pressure relief procedure when shutting the unit down for any purpose, including servicing or adjusting any part of the spray system, changing or cleaning spray tips, or preparing for cleanup.

- Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
- Turn off the sprayer by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
- Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.
- Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.
- Hold the metal part of the gun firmly to the side of a metal container to ground the gun and avoid a build up of static electricity.
- Trigger the gun to remove any pressure that may still be in the hose.
- Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to the PRIME position.

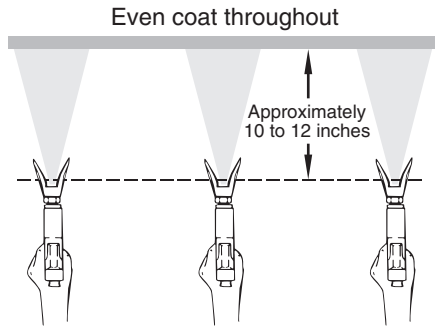


Spraying

NOTE: When spraying block filler, mastics or high solid coating, remove the gun filter and high pressure filter screens.

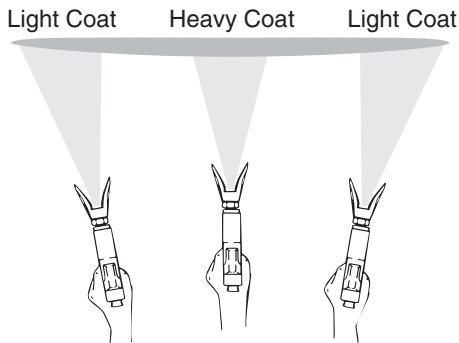
Spraying Technique

The key to a good paint job is an even coating over the entire surface. This is done by using even strokes. Keep your arm moving at a constant speed and keep the spray gun at a constant distance from the surface. The best spraying distance is 10 to 12 inches between the spray tip and the surface.



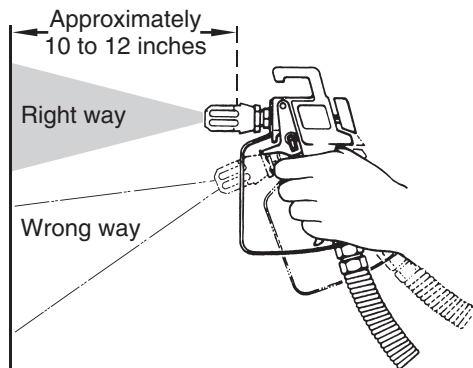
Keep stroke smooth and at an even speed.

Keep the spray gun at right angles to the surface. This means moving your entire arm back and forth rather than just flexing your wrist.



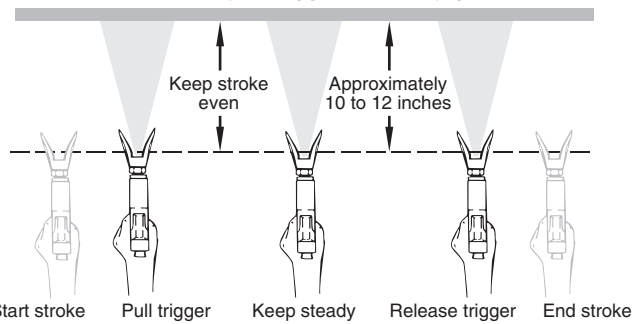
Do not flex wrist while spraying.

Keep the spray gun perpendicular to the surface, otherwise one end of the pattern will be thicker than the other.



The spray gun should be triggered by turning it on and off with each stroke. This will save paint and avoid paint buildup at the end of the stroke. Do not trigger the gun during the middle of a stroke. This will result in an uneven spray and splotchy coverage.

Proper way to trigger the spray gun

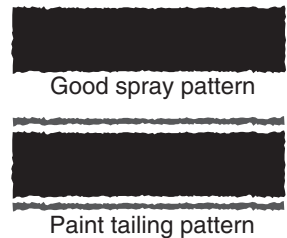
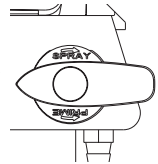


Overlap each stroke by about 30%. This will ensure an even coating.

When you stop painting, lock the gun trigger lock, turn the pressure control knob counterclockwise to its lowest setting and set the PRIME/SPRAY valve to PRIME. Turn the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position and unplug the sprayer.

Practice

1. Be sure that the paint hose is free of kinks and clear of objects with sharp cutting edges.
2. Turn the pressure control knob counterclockwise to its lowest setting.
3. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve up to the SPRAY position.
4. Turn the pressure control knob clockwise to its highest setting. The paint hose should stiffen as paint begins to flow through it.
5. Unlock the gun trigger lock.
6. Trigger the spray gun to bleed air out of the hose.
7. When paint reaches the spray tip, spray a test area to check the spray pattern.
8. Use the lowest pressure setting necessary to get a good spray pattern. If the pressure is set too high, the spray pattern will be too light. If the pressure is set too low, tailing will appear or the paint will spatter out in gobs rather than in a fine spray.



Cleanup

WARNING

Do not use gasoline to clean the sprayer.

WARNING

Special cleanup instructions for use with flammable solvents:

- Always flush spray gun preferably outside and at least one hose length from spray pump.
- If collecting flushed solvents in a one gallon metal container, place it into an empty five gallon container, then flush solvents.
- Area must be free of flammable vapors.
- Follow all cleanup instructions.

CAUTION

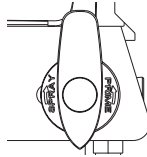
The sprayer, hose, and gun should be cleaned thoroughly after daily use. Failure to do so permits material to build up, seriously affecting the performance of the unit.

⚠ WARNING

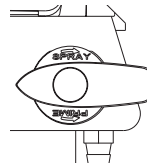
Always spray at minimum pressure with the gun nozzle tip removed when using mineral spirits or any other solvent to clean the sprayer, hose, or gun. Static electricity buildup may result in a fire or explosion in the presence of flammable vapors.

1. Follow the "Pressure Relief Procedure" found in the Operation section of this manual.
2. Remove the gun tip and tip guard and clean with a brush using the appropriate solvent.
3. Place the siphon tube into a container of the appropriate solvent. Examples of the appropriate solvent are water for latex paint or mineral spirits for oil-based paints.
4. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
5. Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.
6. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to its PRIME position.

NOTE: Hold the return hose in the waste container when moving the PRIME/SPRAY valve to PRIME in case the sprayer is pressurized.

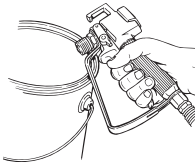


7. Turn on the sprayer by moving the ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
8. Allow the solvent to circulate through the sprayer and flush the paint out of the return hose into the metal waste container.
9. Turn off the sprayer by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
10. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve up to its SPRAY position.
11. Turn on the sprayer.



⚠ WARNING

Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.



12. Trigger the gun into the metal waste container until the paint is flushed out of the hose and solvent is coming out of the gun.
13. Continue to trigger the spray gun into the waste container until the solvent coming out of the gun is clean.

NOTE: For long-term or cold weather storage, pump mineral spirits through the entire system.

14. Follow the "Pressure Relief Procedure" found in the Operation section of this manual.
15. Unplug the sprayer and store in a clean, dry area.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not store the sprayer under pressure.

Cleaning the Spray Tip

1. Flush the gun with solvent immediately after the work is completed.
2. Oil the sliding pins to prevent them from seizing up.

Should the spray tip become clogged, reverse the spray tip with the lever and pull the trigger. Once the obstruction comes out of the spray tip, release the trigger, reverse the spray tip back to the spray pattern setting, and resume spraying.



⚠ WARNING

Do not attempt to clean the tip with your finger.

Do not use a needle or other sharp pointed instrument to clean the tip. The hard tungsten carbide is brittle and can be chipped.

Maintenance

⚠ WARNING

Before proceeding, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure outlined previously in this manual. Additionally, follow all other warnings to reduce the risk of an injection injury, injury from moving parts or electric shock. Always unplug the sprayer before servicing!

General Repair and Service Notes

1. Before repairing any part of the sprayer, read the instructions carefully, including all warnings.

⚠ CAUTION

Never pull on a wire to disconnect it. Pulling on a wire could loosen the connector from the wire.

2. Test your repair before regular operation of the sprayer to be sure that the problem is corrected. If the sprayer does not operate properly, review the repair procedure to determine if everything was done correctly. Refer to the Troubleshooting section to help identify other possible problems.
3. Make sure that the service area is well ventilated in case solvents are used during cleaning. Always wear protective eyewear while servicing. Additional protective equipment may be required depending on the type of cleaning solvent. Always contact the supplier of solvents for recommendations.
4. If you have any further questions concerning your SprayTECH Airless Sprayer, call SprayTECH:

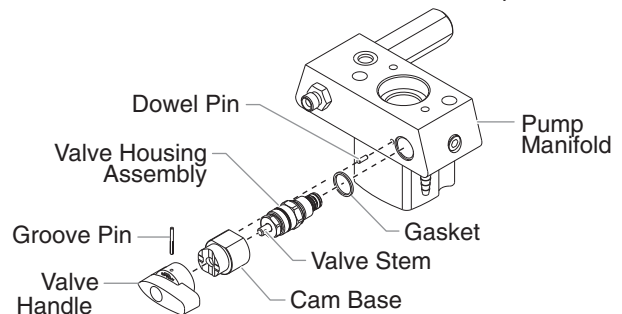
Technical Service.....1-800-292-4637

Fax1-800-525-9501

Replacing the PRIME/SPRAY Valve

Perform the following procedure using PRIME/SPRAY valve replacement kit P/N 0507690.

1. Drive the groove pin out of the valve handle.
2. Remove the valve handle and the cam base.
3. Using a wrench, loosen and remove the valve housing assembly from the pump manifold.
4. Make sure the gasket is in place and thread the new valve housing assembly into the pump manifold. Tighten securely with a wrench.
5. Place the cam base over the valve housing assembly. Lubricate the cam base with grease and line up the cam with the pump manifold using the dowel pin.
6. Line up the hole on the valve stem with the hole in the valve handle.
7. Insert the groove pin into the valve handle and through the valve stem to secure the valve handle in position.



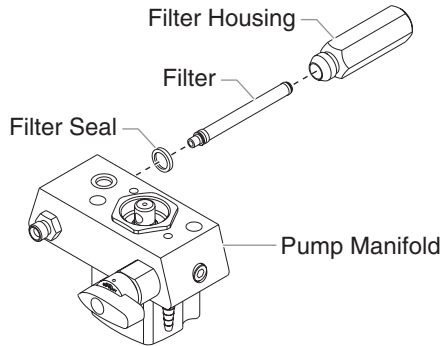
Replacing the Filters

Pump Filter

1. Loosen and remove the filter housing.
2. Pull the filter from the pump manifold.

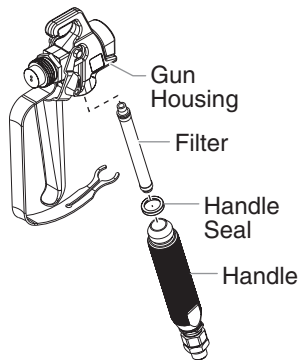
NOTE: If the filter breaks off in the pump manifold, use a small wood screw to remove.

3. Inspect the filter seal. Based on inspection, clean or replace the seal.
4. Push the new or cleaned filter into the pump manifold.
5. Slide the filter housing over the filter and thread it into the pump manifold until secure.



Gun Filter

1. Pull the bottom of the trigger guard forward so that it comes loose from the handle assembly.
2. Loosen and remove the handle assembly from the gun head.
3. Pull the old filter out of the gun head.
4. Slide the new filter, tapered end first, into the gun head.
5. Make sure the handle seal is in position and thread the handle assembly into the gun head until secure.
6. Snap the trigger guard back onto the handle assembly.



Gun Filter Chart

Part Number	Application	Filter Type	Color of Filter Body
0089960	Synthetic resin, enamels, clean varnishes, stains azures	Extrafine	red
0089959	Base coat enamels, primer enamels, fillers, marking paints, textured enamels	Fine	yellow
0089958	Emulsions, latex paints, acrylic paints	Medium	white
0089957	Heavy bodied latex, blockfillers, elastometrics	Coarse	green

NOTE: For more detail, part number information, and an assembly drawing, please see the G-10 XL Airless Spray Gun Owner's Manual (P/N 0296237).

Replacing the Motor Assembly

1. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure and unplug the sprayer.
2. Remove the four motor cover screws. Remove the motor cover.
3. Remove the four heat sink assembly screws. Pull the heat sink assembly away from the gear box housing.
4. Disconnect the five wires from the relay that is mounted on the inside of the heat sink assembly.
5. Remove the three relay mounting screws from the heat sink assembly. Remove the relay.
6. Using the three relay mounting screws, install the new relay onto the heat sink assembly. Tighten the screws securely.
7. Connect the five wires to the new relay (refer to the electrical schematic in the Parts List section of this manual).
8. Using the four heat sink assembly screws, install the heat sink assembly onto the gear box housing. Tighten the screws securely.
9. Disconnect the black and red wires coming from the gear box housing. Disconnect the black and red wires from the capacitors. Disconnect the black and red wires from the motor.
10. Loosen and remove the four motor mounting screws.
11. Pull the motor out of the gear box housing.

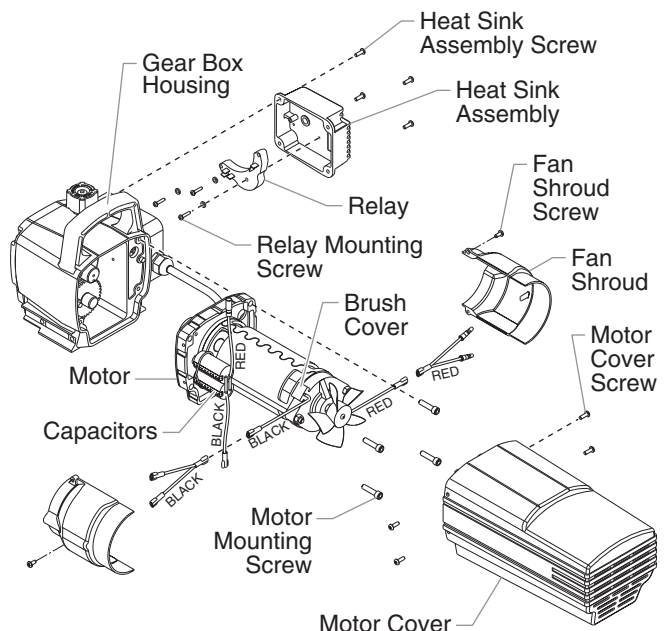
NOTE: If the motor will not dislodge from the pump housing:

- Remove the front cover plate.
- Using a rubber mallet, carefully tap on the front of the motor crankshaft that extends through the slider assembly.

12. With the motor removed, inspect the gears in the gear box housing for damage or excessive wear. Replace the gears, if necessary.
13. Install the new motor into the gear box housing.

NOTE: Rotate the motor fan manually until the armature gear engages with the mating gear in the gear box housing.

14. Secure the motor with the four motor mounting screws.
15. Push the new capacitors into their clip on the new motor.
16. Reconnect the wires (refer to the electrical schematic in the Parts List section of this manual).
17. Slide the motor cover over the motor. Secure the motor cover with the four motor cover screws.



Replacing the Motor Brushes

Perform this procedure using Motor Brush Kit P/N 0508645.

1. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure and unplug the sprayer.
2. Loosen and remove the four motor cover screws. Remove the motor cover.
3. Loosen and remove the two fan shroud screws. Remove the fan shroud.
4. Using a small screwdriver, pry off the two plastic brush covers.
5. Disconnect the black and red wires from the motor brushes. Remove the motor brushes.
6. Install the new motor brushes and snap on the plastic brush covers.
7. Reconnect the black and red wires from the motor brushes (refer to the electrical schematic in the Parts List section of this manual).
8. Position the fan shroud over the motor fan. Secure the fan shroud with the two fan shroud screws.
9. Slide the motor cover over the motor. Secure the motor cover with the four motor cover screws.

Replacing the Gears

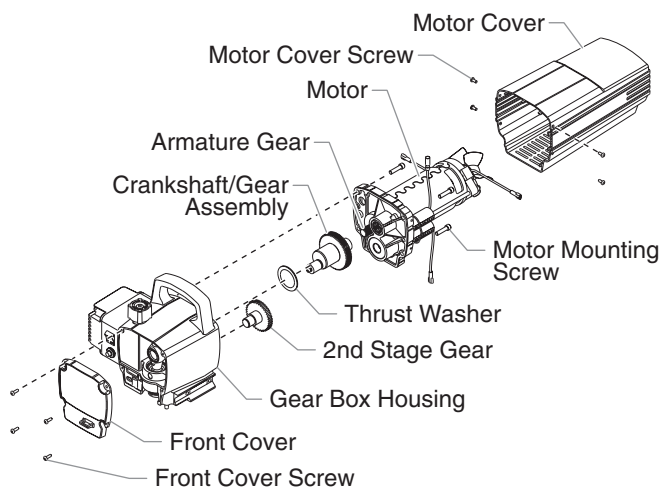
1. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure and unplug the sprayer.
2. Loosen and remove the four motor cover screws. Remove the motor cover.
3. Disconnect the black and red wires coming from the gear box housing.
4. Loosen and remove the four motor mounting screws.
5. Pull the motor out of the gear box housing.

NOTE: If the motor will not dislodge from the pump housing:

- Remove the front cover plate.
- Using a rubber mallet, carefully tap on the front of the motor crankshaft that extends through the slider assembly.

6. Inspect the armature gear on the end of the motor for damage or excessive wear. If this gear is completely worn out, replace the entire motor.
7. Remove and inspect the 2nd stage gear for damage or excessive wear. Replace if necessary.
8. Remove and inspect the crankshaft/gear assembly for damage or excessive wear. Replace if necessary.
9. Reassemble the pump by reversing the above steps. During reassembly, make sure the thrust washers are in place.

NOTE: Refill the gear box with five ounces of Lubriplate (P/N 9870307).



Replacing the Transducer

1. Loosen and remove the four front cover screws. Remove the front cover.
2. Stop the sprayer at the bottom of its stroke so that the piston is in its lowest position.
3. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure and unplug the sprayer.

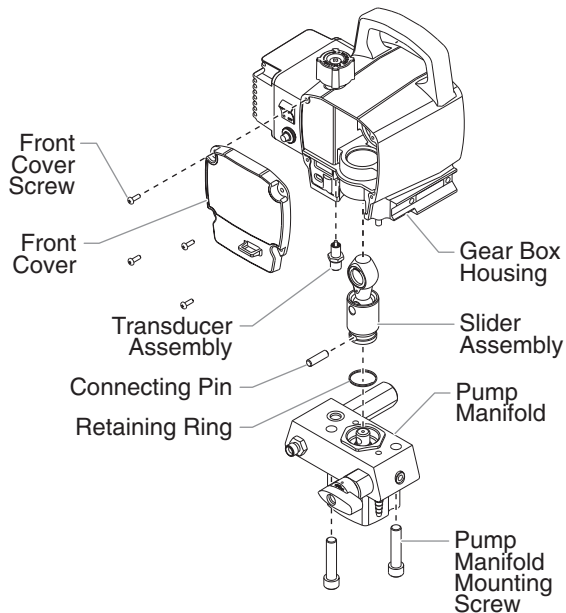
⚠ WARNING

Before proceeding, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure outlined previously in this manual. Additionally, follow all other warnings to reduce the risk of an injection injury, injury from moving parts or electric shock. Always unplug the sprayer before servicing!

4. Tilt the sprayer back for easy access to the fluid section.
5. Slide the retaining ring up on the slider assembly to expose the connecting pin.
6. Push the connecting pin forward through the slider assembly and piston. The connecting pin will fall into a recessed area of the gear box housing where it can be retrieved.
7. Using 3/8" a hex wrench, loosen and remove the two pump manifold mounting screws.
8. Pull the pump manifold down off of the gear box housing.
9. Using a wrench, remove the transducer assembly from the pump manifold.
10. Thread the new transducer assembly into the pump manifold. Tighten securely with a wrench.
11. Reassemble the pump by reversing steps 1–8.

⚠ CAUTION

Make sure the transducer is aligned properly with the hole in the pump manifold during reassembly. Improper alignment may cause damage to the transducer o-ring.



Servicing the Fluid Section

Use the following procedures to service the valves and repack the fluid section. Perform the following steps before performing any maintenance on the fluid section.

1. Loosen and remove the four front cover screws. Remove the front cover.
2. Position the slider assembly at the bottom, dead-center of its stroke so that the connecting pin and retaining ring are visible below the slider assembly. This is done by turning the sprayer on and off in short bursts until the connecting pin is visible below the slider housing.
3. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure and unplug the sprayer.

WARNING

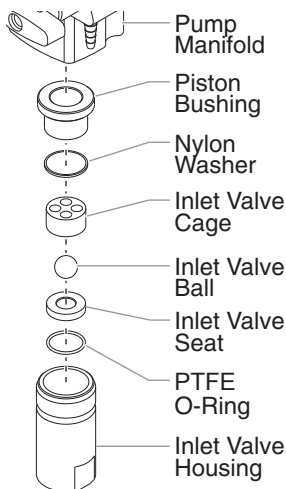
Before proceeding, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure outlined previously in this manual. Additionally, follow all other warnings to reduce the risk of an injection injury, injury from moving parts or electric shock. Always unplug the sprayer before servicing!

4. For Upright Cart units, remove the return hose from the hose clip on the siphon tube. Unscrew the siphon tube from the inlet valve housing.
5. For Low Boy cart units, remove the retaining ring from the bottom of the inlet valve housing using a snap ring pliers. Remove the return hose clamp and pull the return hose from its fitting on the pump manifold. Remove the suction set assembly.
6. Loosen and remove the high-pressure hose from the outlet fitting on pump manifold.

Servicing the Valves

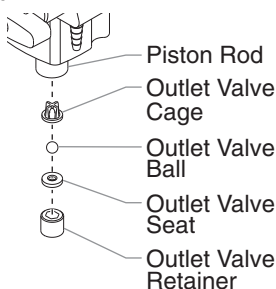
The design of the fluid section allows access to the inlet valve and seat as well as the outlet valve and seat without completely disassembling the fluid section. It is possible that the valves may not seat properly because of debris stuck in the foot valve seat or outlet valve seat. Use the following instructions to clean the valves and reverse or replace the seats.

1. Using a wrench, loosen and remove the inlet valve housing from the pump manifold.
2. Clean out any debris in the inlet valve housing and examine the valve housing and seat. If the seat is damaged, reverse or replace the seat.
3. Using a 5/16" hex wrench, loosen and remove the outlet valve retainer from the piston rod.



NOTE: Always service the outlet valve with the piston rod attached to the pump. This will prevent the piston rod from rotating during disassembly of the outlet valve.

4. Clean out any debris and examine the valve housing and seat. If the seat is damaged, reverse or replace the seat.
5. Remove, clean, and inspect the outlet valve cage and outlet valve ball. Replace if they are worn or damaged.
6. Reassemble the valves by reversing the steps above.

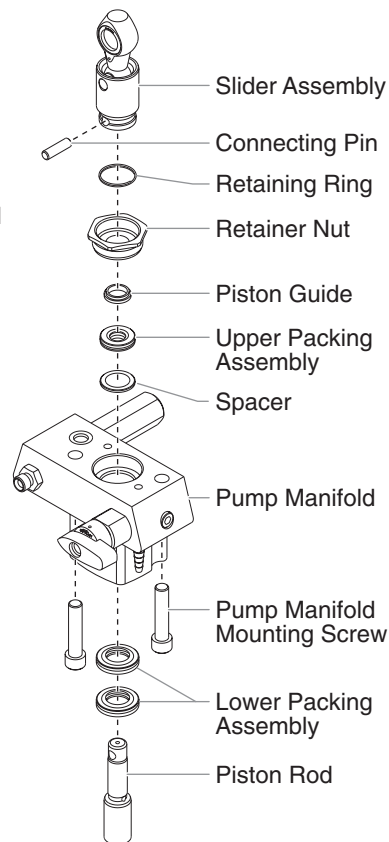


Repacking the Fluid Section

1. Remove the inlet valve assembly using the steps in the "Servicing the Valves" procedure above.

NOTE: The outlet valve does not need to be disassembled from the piston rod for this procedure.

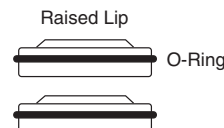
2. Slide the retaining ring up on the slider assembly to expose the connecting pin.
3. Push the connecting pin forward through the slider assembly and piston. The connecting pin will fall into a recessed area of the gear box housing where it can be retrieved.
4. Using 3/8" a hex wrench, loosen and remove the two pump manifold mounting screws.
5. Pull the pump manifold down off of the gear box housing.
6. Slide the piston rod out through the bottom of the pump manifold.
7. Loosen and remove the retainer nut and piston guide from the pump manifold.
8. Remove the upper and lower packings from the pump manifold.
9. Clean the pump manifold and install the new upper and lower packings. Refer to the illustration below for proper packing orientation.



Install upper packing with raised lip and O-ring facing down.



Install lower packings with raised lip and O-ring facing up.



10. Inspect the piston rod for wear and replace if necessary.
11. Insert the piston guide into the retainer nut. Thread the retainer nut into the pump manifold until it is hand tight.
12. Slide the piston guide tool (included in the repacking kit) over the top of the piston rod and insert the piston rod through the bottom of the pump manifold. Using a rubber mallet, tap the bottom of the piston rod lightly until the piston rod is in position in the pump manifold.

NOTE: Coat the piston guide tool and the piston rod with grease before inserting them into the pump manifold.

13. Using a wrench, tighten the retainer nut securely.
14. Position the pump block underneath the pump housing and push up until it rests against the pump housing. When the connecting pin hole on the piston rod lines up with the hole in the slider assembly, insert the connecting pin.
15. Slide the retaining ring down over the connecting pin.

CAUTION

Make sure the transducer is aligned properly with the hole in the pump manifold during reassembly. Improper alignment may cause damage to the transducer gasket.

16. Thread the pump manifold mounting screws through the pump manifold and into the gear box housing. Tighten securely.
17. Reassemble the inlet valve assembly into the pump manifold.
18. For Upright Cart units, thread the siphon tube into the inlet valve and tighten securely. Make sure to wrap the threads on the down tube with PTFE tape before assembly. Replace the return hose into the hose clip on the siphon tube.
19. For Low Boy cart units, insert the elbow on the suction set assembly into the bottom of the inlet valve housing. Push the retaining ring up into the groove inside the inlet valve housing to secure the suction set assembly in position. Push the return hose onto the return hose fitting on the pump manifold and secure in position with the return hose clamp.
20. Place the front cover on the gear box housing and secure in position using the four front cover screws.
21. Turn on the sprayer by following the procedure in the "Operation" section of this manual and check for leaks.

NOTE: Repacking kit P/N 0551533 is available. For best results use all parts supplied in this kit.

Troubleshooting

Problem

The unit will not run.

Cause

1. The unit is not plugged in.
2. Tripped breaker.
3. The pressure is set too low (pressure control knob set at minimum setting does not supply power to unit).
4. Faulty or loose wiring.
5. Excessive motor temperature.

Solution

1. Plug the unit in.
2. Reset the breaker.
3. Turn the pressure control knob clockwise to supply power to the unit and increase the pressure setting.
4. Inspect or take to a SprayTECH authorized service center.
5. Allow motor to cool.

The unit will not prime.

1. The PRIME/SPRAY valve is in the SPRAY position.
2. Air leak in the siphon tube/suction set.
3. The pump filter and/or inlet screen is clogged.
4. The siphon tube/suction set is clogged.

1. Rotate the PRIME/SPRAY valve clockwise to the PRIME position.
2. Check the siphon tube/suction set connection and tighten or re-tape the connection with PTFE tape.
3. Remove the pump filter element and clean. Remove the inlet screen and clean.
4. Remove the siphon tube/suction set and clean.

The unit will not build or maintain pressure.

1. The spray tip is worn.
2. The spray tip is too large.
3. The pressure control knob is not set properly.
4. The pump filter, gun filter, or inlet screen is clogged.
5. Material flows from the return hose when the PRIME/SPRAY valve is in the SPRAY position.
6. Air leak in the siphon tube/suction set.
7. There is external fluid leak.
8. There is an internal fluid section leak (packings are worn and/or dirty, valve balls are worn).
9. Worn valve seats
10. Motor powers but fails to rotate

1. Replace the spray tip following the instructions that came with the spray gun.
2. Replace the spray tip with a tip that has a smaller orifice following the instructions that came with the spray gun.
3. Turn the pressure control knob clockwise to increase the pressure setting.
4. Remove the pump filter element and clean. Remove the gun filter and clean. Remove the inlet screen and clean.
5. Clean or replace the PRIME/SPRAY valve.
6. Check the siphon tube/suction set connection and tighten or re-tape the connection with PTFE tape.
7. Check for external leaks at all connections. Tighten connections, if necessary.
8. Clean the valves and service the fluid section following the "Servicing the Fluid Section" procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual.
9. Reverse or replace the valve seats following the "Servicing the Fluid Section" procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual.
10. Take unit to a SprayTECH authorized service center.

Fluid leakage at the upper end of the fluid section.

1. The upper packings are worn.
2. The piston rod is worn.

1. Repack the pump following the "Servicing the Fluid Section" procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual.
2. Replace the piston rod following the "Servicing the Fluid Section" procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual.

Troubleshooting

Problem

Excessive surge at the spray gun.

Cause

1. Wrong type of airless spray hose.
2. The spray tip worn or too large.
3. Excessive pressure.

Solution

1. Replace hose with a minimum of 50' of 1/4" grounded textile braid airless paint spray hose.
2. Replace the spray tip following the instructions that came with the spray gun.
3. Rotate the pressure control knob counterclockwise to decrease spray pressure.

Poor spray pattern.

-
1. The spray tip is too large for the material being used.
 2. Incorrect pressure setting.
 3. Insufficient fluid delivery.
 4. The material being sprayed is too viscous.

-
1. Replace the spray tip with a new or smaller spray tip following the instructions that came with the spray gun.
 2. Rotate the pressure control knob to adjust the pressure for a proper spray pattern.
 3. Clean all screens and filters.
 4. Add solvent to the material according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

The unit lacks power.

-
1. The pressure adjustment is too low.
 2. Improper voltage supply.

-
1. Rotate the pressure control knob clockwise to increase the pressure setting.
 2. Reconnect the input voltage for 120V AC.

Consignes de sécurité

Le présent manuel comprend des renseignements devant être lus attentivement avant toute utilisation de l'appareil. Lorsque l'un des symboles suivants apparaît, il est recommandé d'être particulièrement attentif et de tenir compte des mesures de sécurité indiquées.

AVERTISSEMENT

Ce symbole indique un danger potentiel pouvant causer des blessures graves ou même mortelles. Des renseignements importants sur la sécurité sont également indiqués.

ATTENTION

Ce symbole indique un danger potentiel pouvant causer des blessures corporelles ou des dommages à l'équipement. Des renseignements importants sur la façon de prévenir tout dommage à l'équipement ou toute blessure corporelle mineure sont également indiqués.

NOTA : Les remarques donnent des renseignements importants requérant une attention particulière.

AVERTISSEMENT

DANGER: BLESSURES PAR PERFORATION - Le jet de peinture à haute pression produit par cet appareil peut perforer la peau et les tissus sous-jacents et entraîner de sévères blessures pouvant nécessiter une amputation. Consultez immédiatement un médecin.

NE PAS TRAITER UNE BLESSURE PAR PERFORATION COMME UNE SIMPLE COUPURE! Une perforation peut entraîner des risques d'amputation. Consultez immédiatement un médecin.

Pression de service maximale du fluide dans l'appareil : 3000 lb/po2 / 20.7 MPa.

MESURES PRÉVENTIVES:

- NE JAMAIS diriger le pistolet vers une quelconque partie du corps.
- NE JAMAIS mettre une quelconque partie du corps en contact avec le jet de liquide. NE JAMAIS se mettre au contact d'un jet de liquide provenant d'une fuite du flexible d'alimentation en liquide.
- NE JAMAIS placer votre main devant le pistolet. Des gants ne vous protégeront pas contre les risques de blessures par perforation.
- TOUJOURS verrouiller la gâchette du pistolet, fermer la pompe à liquide et décompresser l'appareil lorsque vous travaillez sur celui-ci, nettoyez le protecteur de tête, remplacez la tête de pulvérisation ou vous éloignez de l'appareil. Couper le moteur ne décompresse pas l'appareil. Vous devez, pour le décompresser, placer le bouton AMORÇAGE/PULVÉRISATION en position AMORÇAGE. Reportez-vous, pour cela, à la PROCÉDURE DE DÉCOMPRESSION décrite dans de ce manuel.
- TOUJOURS s'assurer que le protecteur de tête est en place lorsque vous pulvérisez. Le protecteur de tête offre une certaine protection contre les blessures par perforation mais sa principale fonction est d'ordre préventif.
- TOUJOURS ôter la tête de pulvérisation avant de purger ou nettoyer l'appareil.
- Le flexible d'alimentation en peinture peut fuir à la suite d'une usure, de chocs ou de mauvais traitements. Une fuite peut entraîner une perforation de la peau. Inspecter le flexible avant chaque utilisation.
- NE JAMAIS utiliser un pistolet dont la gâchette n'est pas munie d'un loquet ou un cran de sécurité qui soit en état de fonctionner.
- Tous les accessoires doivent être homologués pour une pression égale ou supérieure à 3000 lb/po2 / 20.7 MPa. Cela s'applique, entre autres, aux têtes de pulvérisation, aux accessoires du pistolet et aux flexibles.

AVERTISSEMENT AUX MÉDECINS : Une perforation sous-cutanée constitue un traumatisme. Il est important de traiter la blessure de façon chirurgicale aussitôt que possible. NE RETARDEZ PAS ce traitement pour des recherches de toxicité. La toxicité n'est un risque que dans les cas où certains produits de revêtement pénètrent dans le flux sanguin. Il peut être nécessaire de faire appel à des soins de chirurgie plastique ou de reconstruction de la main.

DANGER: RISQUES D'EXPLOSION OU D'INCENDIE - Les vapeurs dégagées par le solvant ou la peinture sont explosives et inflammables et peuvent causer des corporels sérieux ou dommages matériels.

MESURES PRÉVENTIVES:

- Veiller à éviter toute accumulation de vapeurs inflammables en vous assurant que la zone où la pulvérisation a lieu est suffisamment ventilée.
- Veiller à éviter la présence de toute source incandescente telle qu'étincelle électrostatique, flamme nue, flamme-pilote, objet brûlant, cigarette et étincelle provenant du branchement ou du débranchement d'un cordon d'alimentation électrique ou d'un commutateur.
- Ne pas fumer dans la zone d'épandage.
- Toujours avoir un extincteur en état de fonctionner à portée de la main.
- Placer la pompe à peinture à une distance d'au moins un mètre (3 pi) (on recommande d'ailleurs une plus grande distance) de l'objet qui doit être vaporisé dans une pièce séparée bien aérée, ou à une distance d'au moins six mètres (20 pi) de celui-ci dans une zone bien aérée (utiliser d'autres tuyaux si nécessaires). Les vapeurs inflammables sont souvent plus lourdes que l'air. Le plancher doit être extrêmement bien aéré. La pompe à peinture contient des pièces pouvant créer des étincelles et enflammer les vapeurs présentes dans l'air.
- Le matériel utilisé, ainsi que les objets se trouvant à proximité de la zone de pulvérisation, doivent être convenablement reliés à la terre afin d'éviter toute étincelle ou toute décharge électrostatique.
- N'utiliser que des flexibles d'alimentation en liquide à haute pression conducteurs ou reliés à la terre dans les cas d'utilisation sans air comprimé. S'assurer que le pistolet est convenablement relié à la terre par l'intermédiaire du flexible.
- Le cordon d'alimentation doit être raccordé à un circuit mis à la terre.
- Toujours purger l'appareil dans un contenant métallique séparé, en s'assurant que la pompe soit à basse pression et que le chapeau soit retiré. Tenir le pistolet fermement contre la paroi du contenant pour mettre celui-ci à la terre et empêcher l'émission d'étincelles causées par l'électricité statique.
- Se conformer aux consignes et recommandations de sécurité du fabricant du solvant ou du produit.
- S'entourer de toutes les précautions possibles lorsqu'on utilise des produits ayant un point d'éclair inférieur à 21 °C (70 °F). Le point d'éclair d'un fluide est la température à laquelle les vapeurs émanant du fluide peuvent s'enflammer au contact d'une flamme ou d'une étincelle.
- Le plastique peut être une source d'étincelles provoquées par l'électricité statique. Ne jamais utiliser une couverture en plastique pour fermer une zone d'épandage ni utiliser des toiles de protection en plastique lors de la pulvérisation de matières inflammables.
- Lorsque vous purgez l'appareil, veillez à utiliser à la pression minimale.

MOTEUR À ESSENCE (DANS LES CAS OÙ CELA S'APPLIQUE)

Toujours placer la pompe à l'extérieur de la structure à l'air frais. Garder tous les solvants loin de l'échappement du moteur. Ne jamais remplir le réservoir à carburant lorsque le moteur est en marche ou lorsqu'il est chaud ; les surfaces chaudes risquent d'enflammer le carburant déversé accidentellement. Toujours raccorder un fil de mise à la terre entre la pompe et un objet mis à la terre, tel qu'une conduite d'eau métallique. Se reporter au guide d'utilisation du moteur pour obtenir de plus amples renseignements concernant la sécurité.

DANGER: RISQUES D'EXPLOSION PAR INCOMPATIBILITÉ DES MATÉRIAUX - Peuvent être à l'origine de corporels sérieux ou dommages matériels.

MESURES PRÉVENTIVES:

- Ne pas utiliser de matériaux contenant des agents de blanchiment ou du chlore.
- Ne pas utiliser des solvants à base d'hydrocarbure halogéné tels que l'agent anticryptogamique, le chlorure de méthylène et le trichloro-éthane-1,1,1. Ces produits ne sont pas compatibles avec l'aluminium.
- Communiquer avec votre fournisseur de revêtement pour connaître la compatibilité du matériau avec l'aluminium.

DANGER: VAPEURS NOCIVES – la peinture, les solvants, les insecticides et autres matériaux peuvent être nocifs lorsqu'ils sont inhalés ou en contact avec le corps. Les vapeurs peuvent causer une nausée importante, des évanouissements ou un empoisonnement.

MESURES PRÉVENTIVES:

- Utiliser un respirateur ou un masque chaque fois qu'il y a des risques d'inhalation de vapeurs. Lire attentivement toutes les instructions se rapportant au masque pour vérifier que celui-ci vous assure une protection suffisante contre les vapeurs toxiques.
- Porter des lunettes de protection.
- Porter des vêtements de protection, conformément aux directives du fabricant de revêtement.

DANGER: GÉNÉRALITÉS - Peut causer des dommages matériels ou corporels sérieux.

MESURES PRÉVENTIVES:

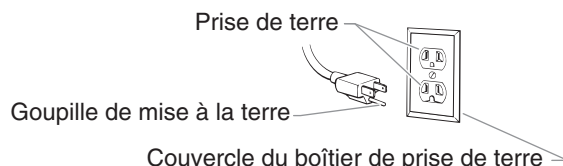
- Avant d'utiliser tout équipement, lire attentivement toutes les instructions et les consignes de sécurité.
- Toujours débrancher le moteur de l'alimentation électrique avant d'effectuer des travaux sur l'appareil.
- Se conformer à la législation locale, provinciale ou fédérale pour tout ce qui concerne la ventilation, la prévention des incendies et les conditions générales d'utilisation.
- Les normes de sécurité du Gouvernement américain sont régies par le Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA). Il est important de consulter ces normes, en particulier la section 1910 sur les normes générales et la section 1926 sur les normes de la construction.
- N'utiliser que les pièces autorisées par le fabricant. L'utilisateur assume tous les risques et responsabilités lorsqu'il utilise des pièces qui ne sont pas conformes aux caractéristiques techniques minimales ainsi qu'aux dispositifs de sécurité du fabricant de la pompe.
- Vérifier, avant toute utilisation, que les flexibles ne présentent pas d'entaille ou de fuite, que le couvercle ne soit pas gonflé et que les raccords ne soient pas endommagés. Si le flexible a subi l'un des dommages précités, remplacez-le immédiatement. Ne jamais réparer un flexible d'alimentation en peinture. Le remplacer par un autre flexible mis à la terre.
- Tout flexible, raccord orientable, pistolet et accessoire utilisé avec cet appareil doit pouvoir fonctionner à une pression égale ou supérieure à 3000 lb/po² / 20.7 MPa.
- Ne jamais pulvériser lorsqu'il vente.
- Porter des vêtements pour protéger la peau et les cheveux contre tout contact avec la peinture.

Instructions de mise à la terre

Cet appareil doit être mis à la terre. La mise à la terre réduit les risques d'électrocution lors d'un court-circuit en permettant au courant de s'écouler par le fil de mise à la terre. Cet appareil est muni d'un cordon électrique avec fil de mise à la terre ainsi que d'une fiche de terre. La fiche doit être branchée sur une prise installée correctement et mise à la terre conformément à la réglementation et aux codes en vigueur.

DANGER — Une prise de terre mal branchée peut être à l'origine d'électrocutions. S'il s'avère nécessaire de réparer ou de remplacer le cordon électrique ou la fiche, ne pas brancher le fil vert de mise à la terre sur l'une ou l'autre des bornes à broche plate. Le fil recouvert d'un isolant vert avec ou sans rayures jaunes est le fil de mise à la terre et doit être branché sur la broche de mise à la terre.

Si vous ne comprenez pas les instructions de mise à la terre ou si vous n'êtes pas sûr que l'appareil est correctement mis à la terre, contactez un électricien agréé. Ne pas modifier la fiche d'origine. Si la prise ne convient pas à la fiche, faites installer la prise adéquate par un électricien agréé.



ATTENTION

Utiliser uniquement une rallonge à trois fils munie d'une fiche de terre dans une prise secteur mise à la terre correspondant au type de fiche de l'appareil. S'assurer que votre rallonge est en bon état. Lorsque vous utilisez une rallonge, assurez-vous qu'elle soit d'un calibre suffisant pour supporter l'intensité du courant requise par l'appareil. Une rallonge trop mince entraîne une chute de tension, une diminution de l'intensité et une surchauffe. Une rallonge de calibre 12 est recommandée. Si vous devez utiliser une rallonge à l'extérieur, celle-ci doit comprendre la marque W-A après la désignation indiquant le type de cordon. Par exemple, la désignation SJTW-A indique que le cordon est conçu pour être utilisé à l'extérieur.

Precauciones de seguridad

Este manual contiene información que debe leer y comprender antes de usar el equipo. Cuando se encuentre con uno de los siguientes símbolos, asegúrese de observar sus indicaciones de seguridad.

ADVERTENCIA

Este símbolo indica la existencia de un peligro potencial que puede causar lesiones graves o la muerte. Después del mismo se incluye información de seguridad importante.

PRECAUCION

Este símbolo indica la existencia de un peligro potencial para usted o el equipo. Después del mismo se incluye información importante que indica la forma de evitar daños al equipo o la forma de prevenir lesiones menores.

NOTA: los avisos contienen información importante, présteles especial atención.

ADVERTENCIA

PELIGRO: LESIÓN POR INYECCIÓN - La corriente de pintura de alta presión que produce este equipo puede perforar la piel y tejidos subyacentes, lo que conduciría a lesiones serias y una posible amputación. Consulte de inmediato a un médico.

NO TRATE LAS LESIONES POR INYECCIÓN COMO SI FUERAN SIMPLES CORTADAS! Una inyección puede conducir a una amputación. Consulte de inmediato a un médico.

El rango de operación máximo de la unidad es 3000 PSI / 20.7 MPa de presión de fluidos.

PARA PREVENIR:

- NO dirija NUNCA la punta de la pistola hacia alguna parte del cuerpo.
- NO permita NUNCA que alguna parte del cuerpo tenga contacto con la corriente del fluido. EVITE tener contacto con corrientes de fluido que salgan de fugas que haya en la manguera.
- NO ponga NUNCA la mano enfrente de la manguera. Los guantes no ofrecen ninguna protección contra lesiones por inyección.
- Bloquee SIEMPRE el gatillo de la pistola, apague la bomba de fluido y libere toda la presión antes de dar mantenimiento, limpiar el protector de la boquilla, cambiar la boquilla o dejar desatendido el equipo. La presión no se liberará al apagar el motor. Para liberar la presión debe girarse la perilla PRIME/SPRAY (cebar/atomizar) hasta la posición PRIME. Consulte el PROCEDIMIENTO PARA LIBERAR LA PRESIÓN que se describe en este manual.
- Mantenga puesto SIEMPRE el protector de la boquilla mientras atomice. El protector de la boquilla ofrece cierta protección contra lesiones por inyección pero es principalmente un dispositivo de advertencia.
- Quite SIEMPRE la boquilla del atomizador antes de enjuagar o limpiar el sistema.
- Pueden desarrollarse fugas en la manguera de pintura por causa del desgaste, retorcimientos o el abuso. Una fuga es capaz de inyectar el material en la piel. Cada vez que use la manguera de pintura, inspecciónela antes.
- NO use nunca una pistola de atomización que no tenga un bloqueador o un protector de gatillo puesto y que funcione.
- Todos los accesorios deben tener una capacidad de 3000 lb/pulg2 / 20.7 MPa o mayor. Esto incluye las boquillas de atomizador, pistolas, extensiones y mangueras.

NOTA PARA EL MÉDICO: La inyección dentro de la piel es una lesión traumática. Es importante que la lesión se trate quirúrgicamente tan pronto como sea posible. NO retrase el tratamiento por investigar la toxicidad. La toxicidad es motivo de preocupación con algunos revestimientos que se inyectan directamente en la corriente sanguínea. Es recomendable consultar a un cirujano plástico o reconstructor de manos.

PELIGRO: EXPLOSIÓN O INCENDIO - Los vapores de solventes y pintura pueden explotar o incendiarse, causando con esto lesiones severas y/o daños en la propiedad.

PARA PREVENIR:

- Debe proveerse un escape y aire fresco para hacer que el aire que está dentro del área de atomización se mantenga libre de acumulaciones de vapores inflamables.
- Evite todas las fuentes de ignición como son las chispas electrostáticas, llamas abiertas, flamas de piloto, objetos calientes, cigarros, y chispas que se generan al conectar y desconectar las extensiones o de apagadores de luz que estén funcionando.
- No fume en la zona de trabajo.
- Debe haber un equipo para extinguir incendios permanentemente y en buenas condiciones.
- Coloque la bomba para pintar a un mínimo de 1 m (de preferencia más) en una habitación aparte, bien ventilada, alejada del objeto que va a pintar o a por lo menos 6 m de dicho objeto, en una zona bien ventilada (utilice una manguera más larga, si es necesario). Los gases inflamables a menudo son más pesados que el aire. La zona del piso debe tener la debida ventilación. La bomba para pintar contiene piezas que forman arcos que emiten chispas y pueden encender los gases.
- El equipo que se utilice, así como los objetos que estén dentro y alrededor del área de atomización, deben conectarse a tierra de manera apropiada para prevenir las descargas eléctricas y las chispas.
- Use solamente mangueras para fluidos de alta presión, conductoras o conectadas a tierra, para aplicaciones sin aire. Asegúrese de que la pistola esté conectada a tierra de manera apropiada, mediante conexiones de manguera.
- El cable de alimentación debe enchufarse a un circuito aterrado.
- Siempre enjuague la unidad en un recipiente de metal por separado, con presión baja en la bomba y sin la boquilla. Sostenga la pistola firmemente contra el recipiente para ponerlo a tierra y evitar chispas estáticas.
- Siga las advertencias y avisos de seguridad del fabricante de los materiales y solventes.
- Tenga muchísimo cuidado al usar materiales cuyo punto de ignición sea inferior a 70° F (21° C). El punto de ignición es la temperatura a la cual pueden encenderse los vapores emanados por un fluido al exponerlos a llamas o chispas.
- El plástico puede causar chispas estáticas. Nunca cuelgue plástico en las ventanas ni en las puertas del área donde va a pintar. No utilice plástico para proteger el piso cuando pinte materiales inflamables.
- Cuando enjuague el equipo utilice la presión más baja posible.

MOTOR DE GAS (SEGÚN CORRESPONDA)

Coloque siempre la bomba fuera del edificio, al aire libre. Mantenga todo solvente alejado del escape del motor. Nunca llene el tanque de combustible si el motor está encendido o caliente. La superficie caliente puede encender el combustible derramado. Conecte siempre un conductor de tierra desde la unidad de la bomba a un objeto puesto a tierra, por ejemplo una tubería de agua metálica. Consulte el manual del motor para obtener información completa de seguridad.

PELIGRO: PELIGRO DE EXPLOSIÓN DEBIDO A MATERIALES INCOMPATIBLES - Podría causar lesiones severas o daños en la propiedad.

PARA PREVENIR:

- No utilice materiales que contengan blanqueador o cloro.
- No use solventes con hidrocarburos halogenados, tales como productos para eliminar el moho, cloruro de metileno y 1,1,1 - tricloroetano. Estos no son compatibles con el aluminio.
- Comuníquese con el proveedor del producto para obtener información de compatibilidad con materiales de aluminio.

PELIGRO: GASES PELIGROSOS - Las pinturas, solventes, insecticidas y otros materiales pueden ser perjudiciales si se inhalan o entran en contacto con el cuerpo. Los gases pueden causar náusea, desmayos o envenenamiento graves.

PARA PREVENIR:

- Use una mascarilla respiratoria o careta siempre que exista la posibilidad de que se puedan inhalar vapores. Lea todas las instrucciones que vengan con la careta para estar seguro de que se tendrá la protección necesaria contra la inhalación de vapores dañinos.
- Use gafas protectoras.
- Use ropa de protección, según lo requiera el fabricante del producto.

PELIGRO: GENERAL - Puede causar daños en la propiedad o lesiones severas.

PARA PREVENIR:

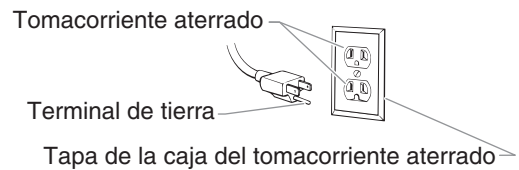
- Lea todas las instrucciones y advertencias de seguridad antes de hacer funcionar cualquier equipo.
- Desconecte siempre el motor del suministro eléctrico antes de dar servicio al equipo.
- Observe todos los códigos locales, estatales y nacionales apropiados que rigen las medidas de ventilación, prevención de incendios y operación.
- Los Estándares de Seguridad del Gobierno de los Estados Unidos se han adoptado bajo el Acta de Seguridad y Salud Ocupacionales (OSHA por sus siglas en inglés). Deben consultarse estos estándares, particularmente la parte 1910 de los Estándares Generales y la parte 1926 de los Estándares de la Construcción.
- Utilice únicamente piezas autorizadas por el fabricante. El usuario asume todos los riesgos y responsabilidades si usa piezas que no cumplen con las especificaciones mínimas y dispositivos de seguridad del fabricante de la bomba.
- Antes de usarla cada vez, revise todas las mangueras para ver que no tengan cortadas, fugas, una cubierta desgastada por abrasión o con abolladuras, así como uniones dañadas o que se hayan movido. Si existiera cualquiera de estas condiciones, reemplace la manguera inmediatamente. No repare nunca una manguera de pintura. Reemplácela con otra manguera conectada a tierra.
- Todas las mangueras, soportes giratorios, pistolas y accesorios que se usen con esta unidad deben tener una capacidad de presión de 3000 lb/pulg² / 20.7 MPa o mayor.
- No atomice en días con viento.
- Use ropa que evite el contacto de la pintura con la piel y el cabello.

Instrucciones para conectar a tierra

Este producto se debe conectar a tierra. En caso de que ocurra un corto circuito, la conexión a tierra reduce el riesgo de choque eléctrico al proporcionar un alambre de escape para la corriente eléctrica. Este producto está equipado con un cable que tiene un alambre de conexión a tierra con un enchufe de conexión a tierra apropiado. El enchufe se debe enchufar en una toma de corriente que se haya instalado y conectado a tierra debidamente, de acuerdo con todos los códigos y estatutos locales.

PELIGRO — Una instalación inapropiada del enchufe de conexión a tierra puede dar como resultado el que exista un riesgo de choque eléctrico. Si es necesario reparar o reemplazar el cable o el enchufe, no conecte el alambre de conexión a tierra a ninguno de los terminales de hoja planos. El alambre con aislamiento que tiene la superficie exterior de color verde con franjas amarillas o sin ellas es el alambre de conexión a tierra que debe conectarse al conector de conexión a tierra.

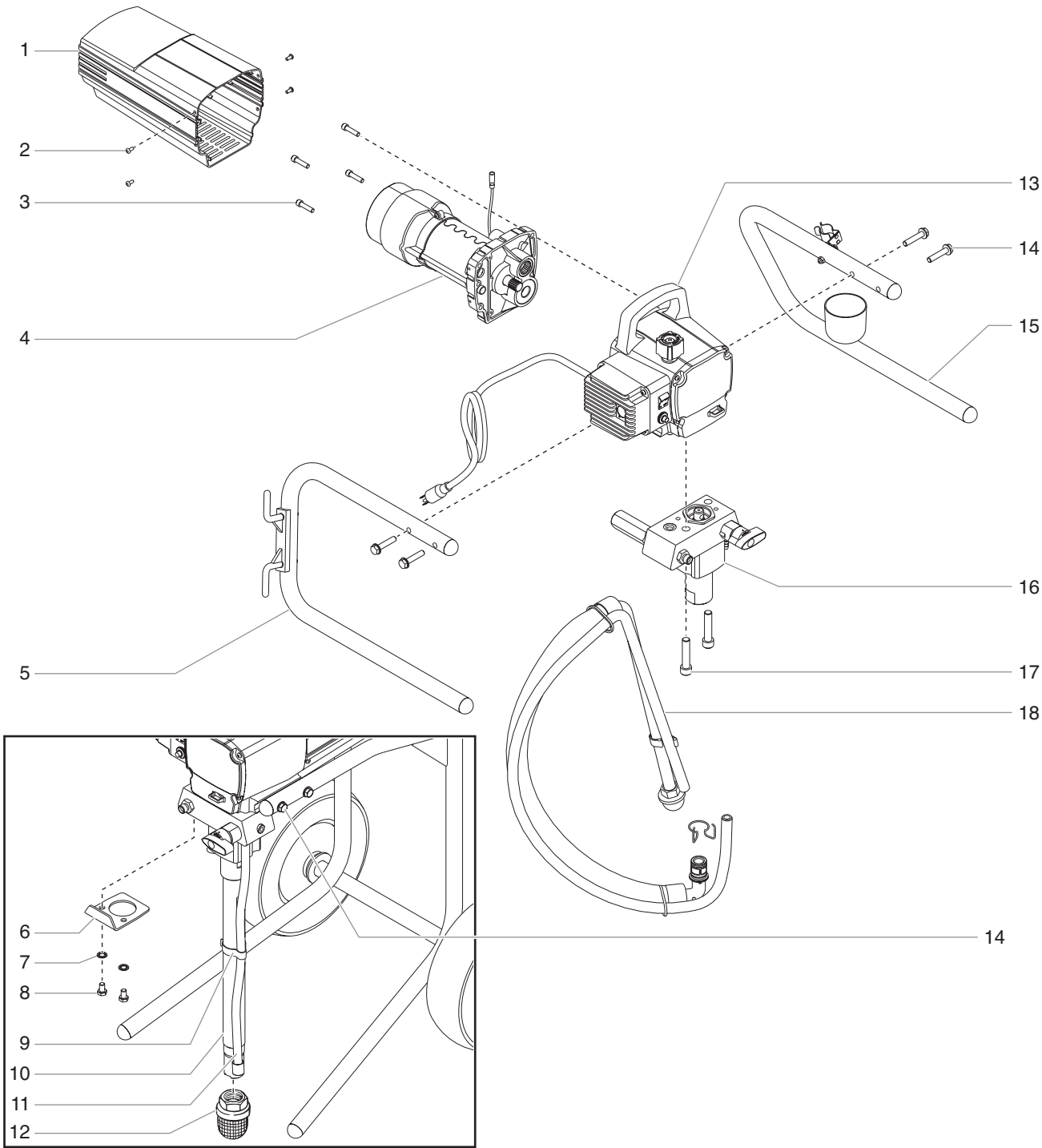
Verifique con un electricista o técnico de servicio calificado si las instrucciones para conectar a tierra no le han quedado completamente claras, o si duda que el producto haya quedado conectado a tierra de manera apropiada. No modifique el enchufe que se proporciona. Si el enchufe no entra en la toma de corriente, pídale a un electricista calificado que instale la toma apropiada.



PRECAUCION

Use solamente extensiones trifilares que tengan un enchufe de conexión a tierra de 3 hojas y un receptáculo de triple ranura que acepte el enchufe del producto. Asegúrese de que su extensión esté en buenas condiciones. Cuando use una extensión, asegúrese de usar una que sea lo suficientemente resistente como para soportar la corriente que descargue su producto. Un cable de un tamaño menor causará una caída de voltage en la línea que dará como resultado una pérdida de energía y un sobrecalentamiento. Se recomienda usar un cable de calibre 12. Si se utiliza un cable de extensión en el exterior, tiene que estar marcado con el sufijo W-A después de la designación del tipo de cable. Por ejemplo, SJTW-A para indicar que el cable es apropiado para uso en exteriores.

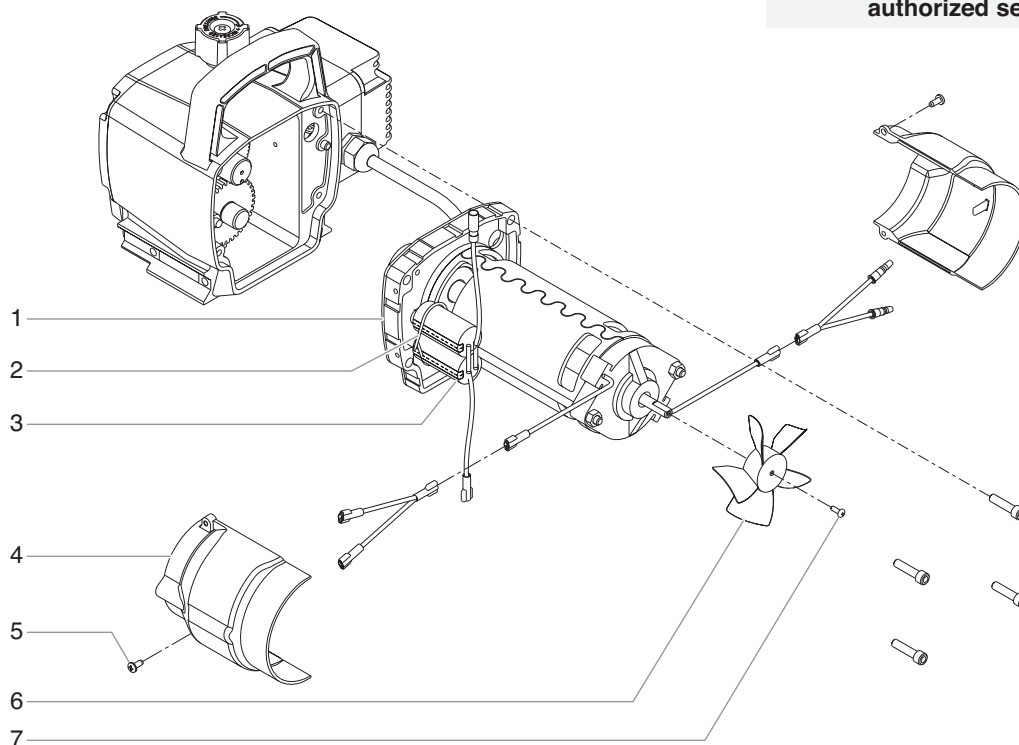
Parts List Main Assembly



Item	Part #	Description	Quantity	Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	0551517	Motor cover.....	1	13	-----	Gear box assembly.....	1
2	0551440	Screw	4	14	0509550	Screw (stand).....	4
3	9800308	Screw	4		0509550	Screw (upright cart)	
4	-----	Motor assembly	1		0508590	Screw (low boy)	
5	0551526	Left leg assembly (stand only).....	1	15	0551524	Right leg assembly (stand only)	1
6	0551553	Pail hook (upright cart only)		16	0551529	Fluid section assembly (stand and low boy cart)	1
7	0508549	Washer (upright cart only)	2		0551549	Fluid section assembly (upright cart)	
8	0508550	Screw (upright cart only).....	2	17	0508553	Screw	2
9	0507783	Hose clip (upright cart only).....	1	18	0551104	Suction set assembly (stand and low boy cart)	1
10	0508552	Siphon tube (upright cart only)	1				
11	0551556	Return hose (upright cart only).....	1	19	9890212	Return hose clamp (not shown)	1
12	5006536	Inlet screen (upright cart only)	1				

Motor Assembly

NOTE: All electrical work should be performed by a SprayTECH authorized service center.

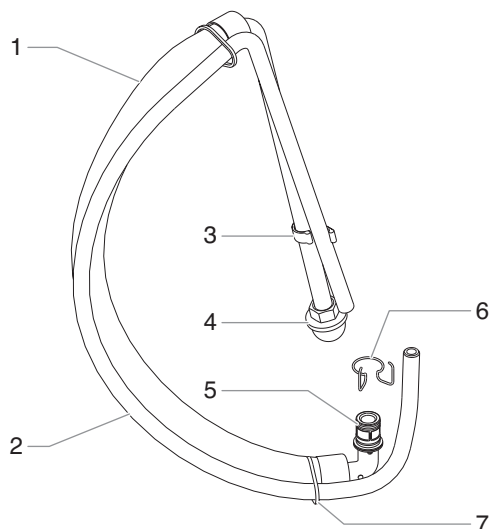


Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	0551540	Motor assembly (includes items 2–7 and items 25, 29, and 30 in the Gear Box Assembly parts list)	1
2	0551543	Tie wrap	2
3	0551514	Capacitor	1

Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
4	0508646	Fan shroud.....	2
5	9802891	Screw.....	2
6	0508648	Fan.....	1
7	9804916	Fan screw	1
8	0508653	Double-sided tape (not shown).....	1

0508645 Motor Brush Kit

Suction Set Assembly (P/N 0551104)

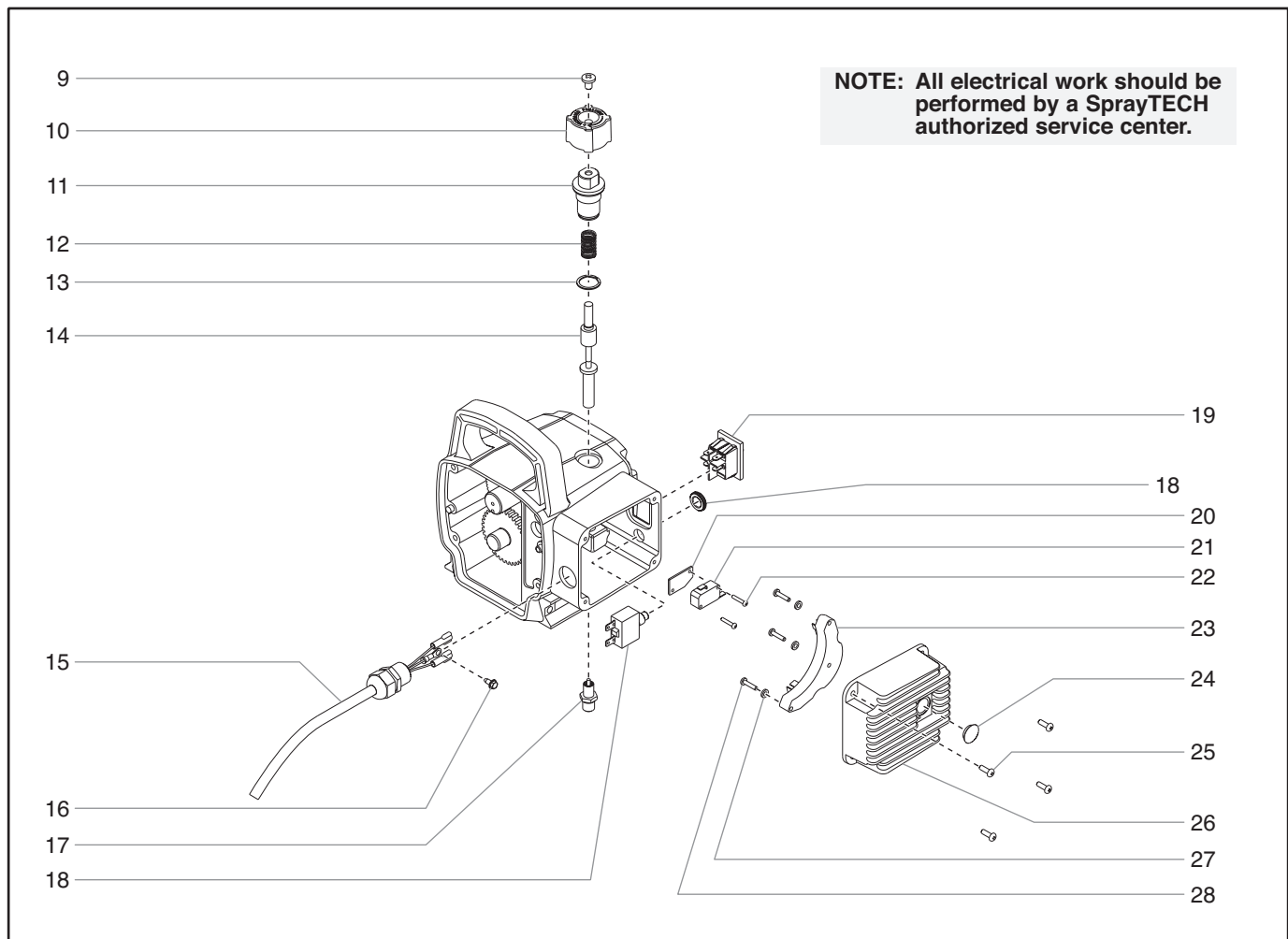
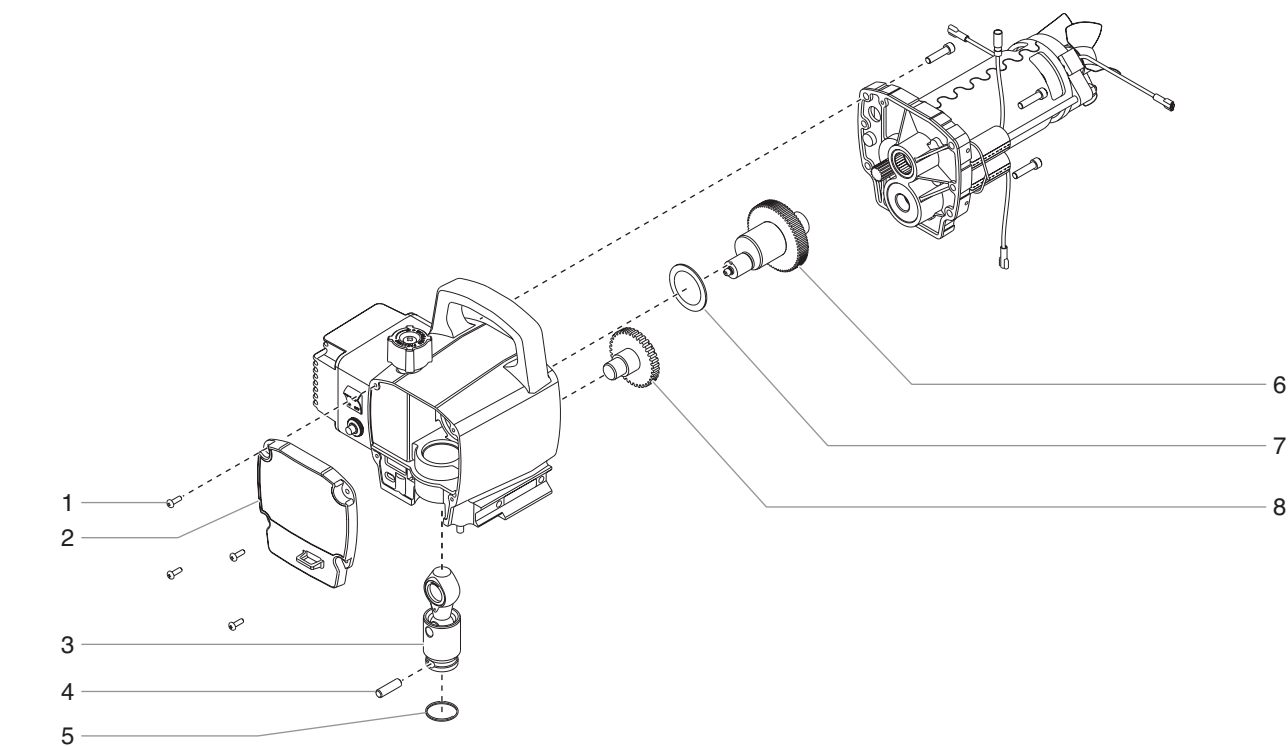


Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	0551437	Siphon tube assembly	1
2	0551439	Return hose	1
3	0279459	Hose clip	1
4	0295565	Inlet screen	1
5	9871105	O-ring.....	2
6	9822526	Retaining ring.....	1
7	9850638	Tie wrap	2

Labels

Part #	Description
0551444	Logo label, front
0551456	Logo label, left
0551464	Logo label, right
0551485	Warning label, explosion/injection
0295805	Shock hazard label
0508330	PRIME/SPRAY knob label
0507856	PRIME/SPRAY label

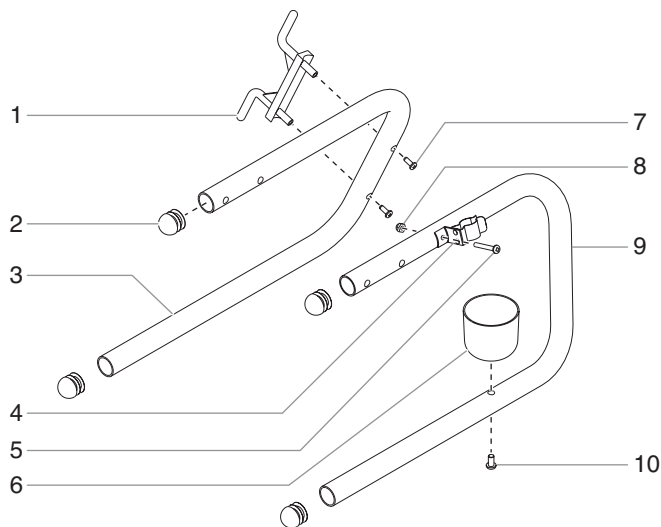
Gear Box Assembly



Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	0509218	Screw	4
2	0551518	Front cover.....	1
3	0551541	Slider assembly	1
4	0507777	Connecting pin.....	1
5	0507768	Retaining ring.....	1
6	0508572	Crankshaft/gear assembly.....	1
7	0508573	Thrust washer.....	1
8	0509121	Second stage gear	1
9	0509219	Screw	1
10	0551513	Pressure control knob.....	1
11	0551522	Knob housing.....	1
12	02712	Knob spring.....	1
13	9822522	Washer.....	1
14	0551521	Plunger	1
15	0551516	Power cord assembly (stand).....	1
	0551432	Power cord assembly (low boy and upright cart)	

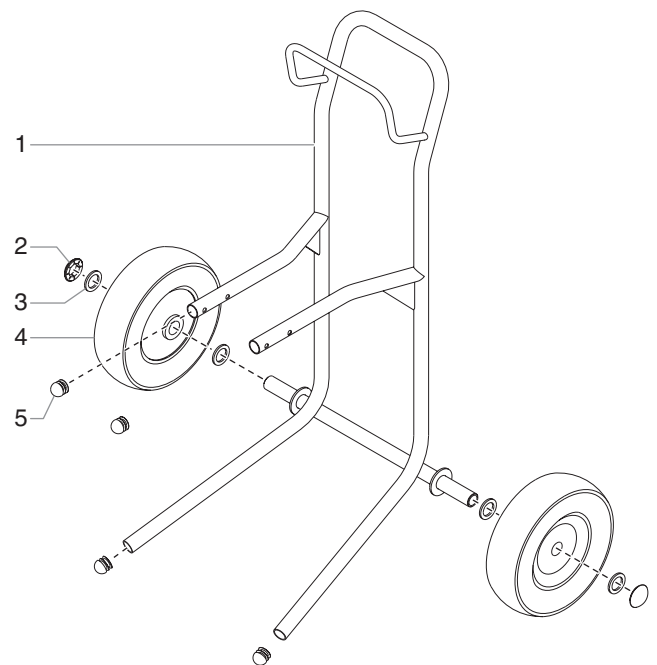
Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
16	9800340	Ground screw	1
17	0551112	Transducer assembly (includes o-ring)	1
18	0551515	Circuit breaker	1
19	9850936	ON/OFF switch	1
20	03662	Microswitch insulator	1
21	0295490	Microswitch	1
22	9800604	Screw	2
23	0295451	Relay, 120V	1
24	0507751	Port plug	1
25	0509218	Screw	4
26	0551523	Heat sink assembly (includes items 24 and 25)	1
27	0551499	Flat washer	3
28	0551495	Screw	3
	0551520	Mechanical control assembly (includes items 11–14)	

Stand Assembly



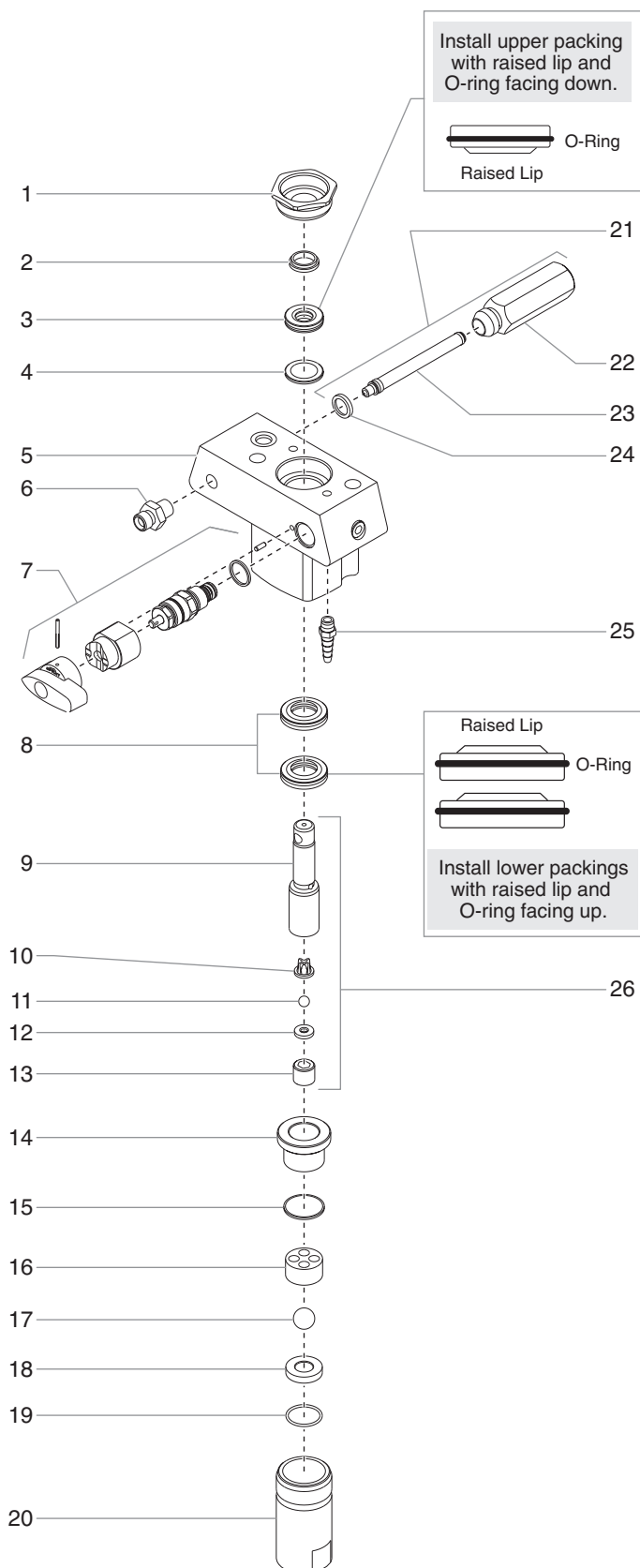
Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	0508377	Cord wrap	1
2	0551525	Plug.....	4
3	0551526	Left leg assembly (includes items 1, 2, and 7)	1
4	0551483	Clip assembly	1
5	0551484	Screw	1
6	0508381	Drip cup	1
7	0551527	Screw	2
8	0509856	Nut	1
9	0551524	Right leg assembly (includes items 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 10)	
10	0507955	Screw	1

Upright Cart Assembly (P/N 0551110)



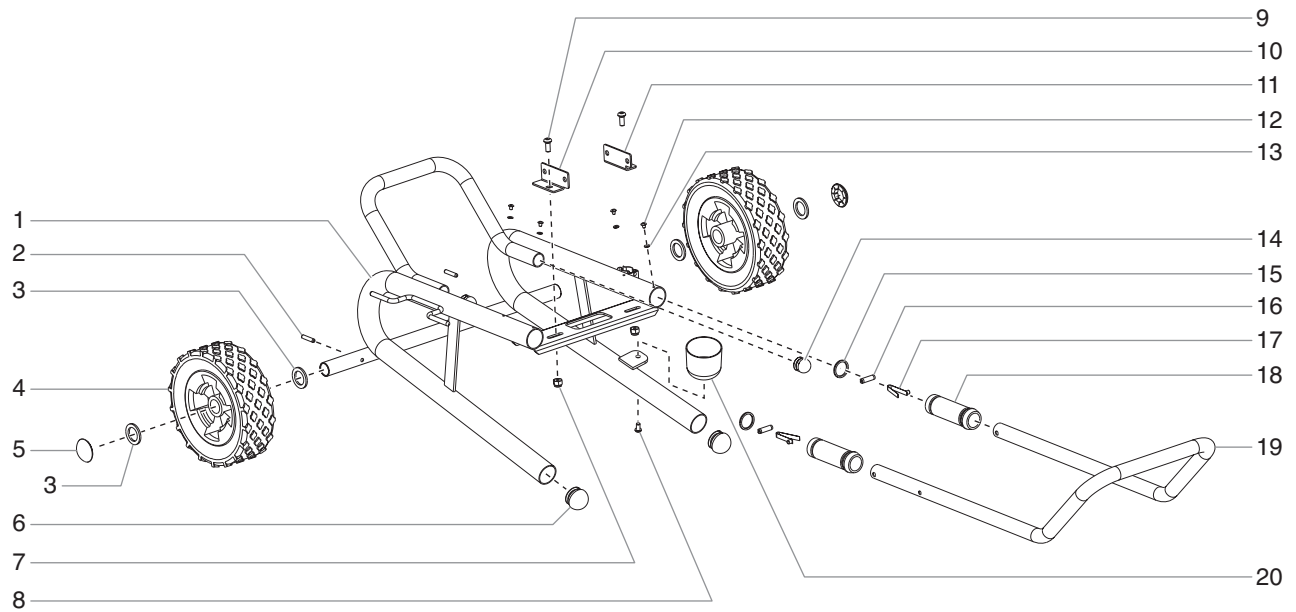
Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	0551660	Cart weldment (includes item 5).....	1
2	9890104	Cap	2
3	0294534	Spacer	4
4	0278373	Wheel.....	2
5	0551525	Plug.....	4

Fluid Section Assembly (Stand and Low Boy Cart P/N 0551529) (Upright Cart P/N 0551549)



Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	0508664	Retainer nut	1
2	0508665	Piston guide	1
3	0551538	Upper packing assembly	1
4	0551535	Spacer	1
5	0551531	Pump manifold.....	1
6	0509873	Outlet fitting, 1/4"	1
7	0507690	PRIME/SPRAY valve assembly	1
8	0551539	Lower packing assembly	2
9	0551537	Piston rod.....	1
10	0295307	Outlet valve cage.....	1
11	50164	Outlet valve ball	1
12	13359	Outlet valve seat.....	1
13	13481	Outlet valve retainer	1
14	0508676	Piston bushing	1
15	0508739	Nylon washer.....	1
16	0508677	Inlet valve cage.....	1
17	0508678	Inlet valve ball	1
18	0551534	Inlet valve seat.....	1
19	0509582	O-ring, PTFE	1
20	0508680	Inlet valve housing (stand and low boy cart)..	1
	0508690	Inlet valve housing (upright cart)	
21	0551532	Filter assembly (includes items 22–24)	1
22	0508752	Filter housing	1
23	0296288	Filter.....	1
24	0508740	Filter seal	1
25	0551530	Return hose fitting, 1/8"	1
26	0551536	Piston assembly (includes items 9–13)	1
	0551533	Repacking kit (includes items 2–4, 8, 10–11, 15, 17, and 19)	
	0551509	Lower seal insertion tool	

Low Boy Cart Assembly (P/N 0551547)

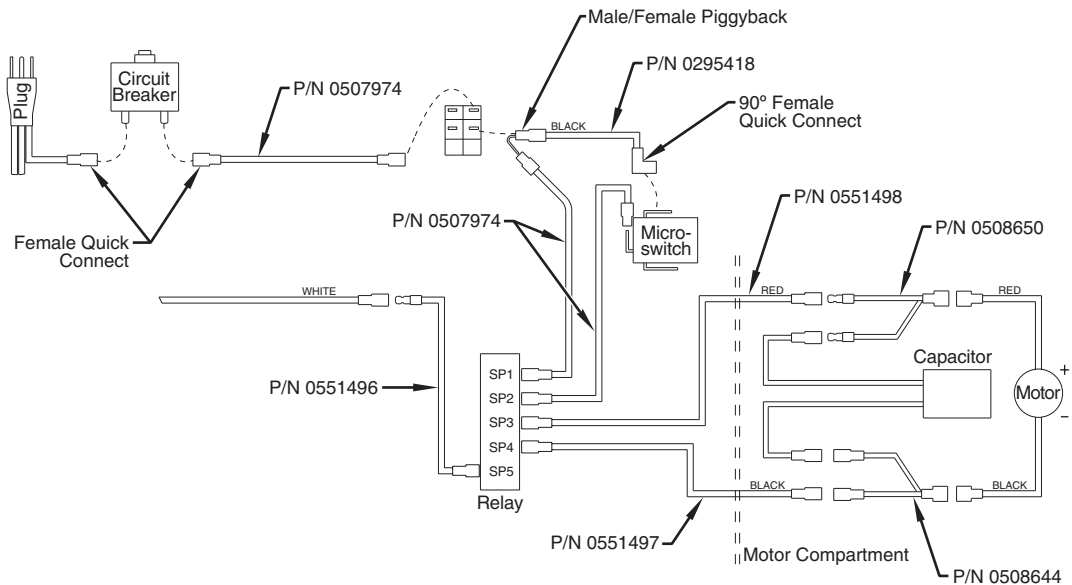


Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	0551608	Cart weldment (includes items 6 and 14) ...	1
2	0507956	Roll pin.....	2
3	0294534	Wheel spacer.....	4
4	0270394	Wheel.....	2
5	9890104	Cap.....	2
6	0551548	Plug.....	2
7	0295615	Lock nut.....	2
8	0507955	Screw.....	1
9	0295618	Screw.....	2
10	0551551	Mounting bracket, left.....	1
11	0551552	Mounting bracket, right.....	1

Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
12	0295608	Screw.....	4
13	0295606	Washer.....	4
14	0551525	Plug.....	2
15	0295609	Handle washer.....	2
16	0295610	Roll pin.....	2
17	9841504	Snap button.....	2
18	0295607	Sleeve.....	2
19	0551609	Handle assembly (includes items 12, 13, and 15-18).....	1
20	0508381	Drip cup.....	1

Electrical Schematic

NOTE: All electrical work should be performed by a SprayTECH authorized service center.



Limited Warranty

SprayTECH, a division of Wagner Spray Tech Corporation ("SprayTECH"), warrants that at the time of delivery to the original purchaser for use ("End User"), the equipment covered by this warranty is free from defects in material and workmanship. With the exception of any special, limited, or extended warranty published by SprayTECH, SprayTECH's obligation under this warranty is limited to replacing or repairing without charge those parts which, to SprayTECH's reasonable satisfaction, are shown to be defective within twelve (12) months after sale to the End User. This warranty applies only when the unit is installed and operated in accordance with the recommendations and instructions of SprayTECH.

This warranty does not apply in the case of damage or wear caused by abrasion, corrosion or misuse, negligence, accident, faulty installation, substitution of non- SprayTECH component parts, or tampering with the unit in a manner to impair normal operation.

Defective parts are to be returned to an authorized SprayTECH sales/service outlet. All transportation charges, including return to the factory, if necessary, are to be borne and prepaid by the End User. Repaired or replaced equipment will be returned to the End User transportation prepaid.

THERE IS NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY. SPRAYTECH HEREBY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW. THE DURATION OF ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES WHICH CANNOT BE DISCLAIMED IS LIMITED TO THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED IN THE EXPRESS WARRANTY. IN NO CASE SHALL SPRAYTECH LIABILITY EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE. LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES UNDER ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES IS EXCLUDED TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW.

SPRAYTECH MAKES NO WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO ACCESSORIES, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS OR COMPONENTS SOLD BUT NOT MANUFACTURED BY SPRAYTECH. THOSE ITEMS SOLD, BUT NOT MANUFACTURED BY SPRAYTECH (SUCH AS GAS ENGINES, SWITCHES, HOSES, ETC.) ARE SUBJECT TO THE WARRANTY, IF ANY, OF THEIR MANUFACTURER. SPRAYTECH WILL PROVIDE THE PURCHASER WITH REASONABLE ASSISTANCE IN MAKING ANY CLAIM FOR BREACH OF THESE WARRANTIES.

Patents

These products are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:

6,031,352	5,848,566	5,769,321	5,725,364	5,671,656	5,435,697	5,228,842
5,346,037	5,252,210	5,217,238	5,192,425	4,908,538	4,768,929	4,744,571
D384,676	6,179,222	5,934,883	4,723,892			

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available on SprayTECH's website or by calling Technical Service.

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